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NO. 69

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The Daily, containing the latest telegraphic news, is published every day except Mondays. The Weekly is published on Saturday.

TIME TABLES.

Time of Arrival and Departure of Trains at Reno.

ARRIVES	TRAIN.	DEPARTS
8:35 p. m.	SOUTHERN PACIFIC.	8:45 p. m.
8:39 a. m.	No. 1, Eastbound Express	8:45 a. m.
8:40 a. m.	No. 3, Eastbound fast mail	8:45 a. m.
8:45 a. m.	No. 4, Westbound fast mail	8:45 a. m.
8:50 p. m.	VIRGINIA & TRUCKEE.	8:50 p. m.
8:50 p. m.	No. 3, San Fran. Express	8:50 p. m.
8:55 p. m.	No. 3, Local Passenger	8:55 p. m.
11:40 a. m.	No. 4, Local Passenger	1:35 p. m.
4:15 p. m.	Express and Freight	8:10 a. m.

Time of Arrival and Departure of Mails at Reno.

MAIL	ARRIVES	CLOSES
San Francisco, Sacramento, and points in California and Oregon	8:15 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
Golden, Eastern points	8:35 a. m.	8:30 p. m.
Carson, Virginia, and all points	8:55 a. m.	8:00 p. m.
Sussville and all points	4:15 p. m.	3:00 a. m.

Buffalo Meadows and Sheephead mail arrives every Thursday at 4:15 P. M. and close every Friday at 8:00 A. M.T. located pouch from Virginia and Carson arrives at 11:45 A. M.; mail for same comes at 1:30 P. M.

Postoffice Hours:

From 9:00 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M.

CATARRH

is a LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and other diseases. It can be cured by a pleasant remedy which is applied directly into the nostrils. Being so simple it gives relief at once.Ely's Cream Balm is acknowledged to be the most thorough cure for Nasal Catarrh, Cold & Cough, and Feverish Complaints, and contains the new vapors, relieves pain and inflammation, heals sores, protects the membranes from colds, restores the sense of taste and smell. Price, 50 cents. Manufactured by ELY BROTHMAN, 30 Warren Street, New York.

W. SANDERS,

Funeral Director.Graduate of Clark's School of Embalming.Preparation of bodies for transportation a specialty.A complete stock of UNDERTAKER'S SUPPLIES—Always on hand.Being owner of Hillside Cemetery, parties desiring burial plots will profit by purchasing of me direct and not through other parties.All prices reasonable and first class work guaranteed.Undertaking Parlors in Opera House Building, cor. Plaza and Sierra Streets.

UNDERTAKING.

HAVING one of the largest and most varied stocks of Undertaking goods in Nevada I am prepared to give my patrons excellent goods at the most reasonable prices.EMBALMING A SPECIALTY, And Everything Up to Date.Office—One door east of Opera House, Reno, Nevada.G. HOSKINS, Prop.

OLD PALACE BAKERY.

Wollam & Gulling, Prop.WHO employ the Expert Baker they have had for the last eighteen months: Patrons may be assured ofThe Best Bread, Pies and Cakes.Home-Made Doughnuts.Pure Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda.Goods delivered in any part of town free.WOLLAM & GULLING.T. K. HYMERS,TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED ANDSALE STABLE.Sierra Street, Reno, Nevada.Horses, Buggies and Saddle HorsesTO LET.And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or month at Terms to Suit the Times.I have also a large hay yard with good looses. Also corral well watered.ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

WINGED SEEDS.

The Wind Plays an Important Part in the Spreading of Plants.The usual way for seeds to be carried by the wind. Sometimes they are so small and light as to be easily wafted by the breezes. This is the case with the seed of the camass flowers and meadow pinks and the other beautiful plants of our woods and bogs called orchids. And the tiny bodies, like atoms of dust, termed "spores," that answer to seed in ferns and mosses and toadstools, are borne away by the lightest breath of air. But most seeds are themselves too heavy for this. So they are sometimes provided with thin, broad wings that carry them before the wind as a sail carries a boat. The pairs of "keys" that hang in clusters from the maple trees in spring are such winged fruits. When ripe, they float slowly to the ground, or if a high wind is blowing they are carried farther from the tree. The ash has thick bunches of winged fruits much like these, but smaller. The elm has a thin, papery border all around its small seeds, which makes them quite conspicuous as they hang on the boughlets before the leaves have come out.Numbers of plants have about the seeds delicate hairs or bristles that take the place of wings. A dandelion "clock," or a head of thistle down, is a bunch of seeds, each with a circle of fine bristles on the summit. When the seeds are ripe, along comes a breeze, and puff, away go the seeds, hanging from their tufts of bristles as the basket hangs from a balloon. The bunches of long silvery hairs that come from a bursting pod of milkweed and fill the air around have each their precious cargo in the shape of a small brown seed. The seeds that ripen in heads on the clematis after the handsome purple flowers have fallen have long feathered tails, like slender bird plumes that do the same work that is given to the silk of milkweed. The "cotton" around the seeds of the willows at the riverside and of the poplars along city streets serves the same useful purpose. Cotton itself is only a bunch of fine white hair around the seed. Ages before men thought of spinning it and weaving it into cloth it was making itself useful to the cotton plant by helping to scatter its seeds. — "How Plants Spread," by Thomas H. Kearney, Jr., in St. Nicholas.

NOT GOOD EVIDENCE.

It is an Easy Matter to Change Photographic Pictures.Photographic copies of an original, it is claimed, are not acceptable as proof before a court, because such a photograph may easily be changed to suit the wish. Expert picture makers can take a photograph, and by various processes create a composite containing several features desired that did not exist in the original.A celebrated photographer of this city declared that it is an easy matter to change photographs. Pictures can be made to show the body of one person with the head of another, or it is possible to insert certain features desired in a photograph. The producers of art photographs often use the form of one subject and the head of another, in order to obtain the most symmetrical results and thus form a sort of composite picture."By the use of nitro acid," he said, "any part of the silver print photograph, the one commonly used, can be erased. If the picture were a platinum print, which is unlikely, the same effect could be secured by the use of aqua regia or a liquid composed of a mixture of nitric and muriatic acids, which acts as a solvent for gold or platinum prints." It was shown that original signatures could be erased and others pasted on copied through and then a photograph taken which would seem that the original was a perfect photograph of an original paper. — Philadelphia Call.

SKULL IN CHINATOWN.

The population of Chinatown on Sundays is about 4,000 or 5,000, on weekdays very much less. The difference may be accounted for by the fact that on Sunday the Chinese from all parts of New York and Brooklyn, and from Long Island, New Jersey and Connecticut towns, flock to Chinatown to visit their friends and to do business. Since the American Sunday does not permit laundry work on that day, the laundrymen seize upon it as a general recreation day and go to Chinatown by hundreds. This, therefore, is the great business day of that region, and all the stores are open and every employee is constantly occupied.Here the laundrymen buy all their dry groceries, their clothing and their laundry supplies. Here, also, are the great family headquarters whence comes the mail from China and where the Chinese meet to discuss the affairs of their people and incidentally the various phases of American anti-Chinese legislation.—"The Chinese of New York," by Helen F. Clark, in Century.The superior inventive genius of Americans is clearly shown in the report of the commissioner of patents, who says that 82 foreign countries, including Great Britain, Germany, Russia and France, have only issued from earliest time up to Dec. 31 last 981,661 patents; against 502,408 issued so far by this country alone.

HOME-MADE DOUGHNUTS.

For a fine meal or a cool glass of beer, best liquors of all kinds or a good cigar call at the Wollam Lunch Counter and Saloon. A private dining room has been placed at the rear of the counter.WOLLAM & CHAINNAN, Prop.

STANDING REWARD OF \$50.

ONCE MORE harmony reigns for the greatest, grandest and most wonderful of all medical weakness and lost vigor known to man. The secret of this wonderful discovery, in book form, with references and a full account, is now sent to sur- fering men sealed free. Full manly vigor permanently restored. Failure impossible.ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.What a great quantity of work a "good housekeeper" finds to do! There are so many little time-and-strength-taking chores to perform. And it must all be done whether the housekeeper feels like it or not. This is true of men, too. Manual labor is never so complicated as housekeeping. In some way or other, the world's work must be done.This iron-dad rule is harder on women than it is on men. A man can't be sick as a woman.As a man's organization is simpler and more direct, his work is less complicated. He is not subject to the changes and changes, physiologically, that come to the average woman.If a woman is in good health there is no more healthful employment than housework. Generally speaking, she does more work in the world than the man who is well and busy all day long "making home" for dear ones who depend upon her. But how different when every breath is pain, every step torture. This state of affairs creates a condition of ten times more derangement of the delicate tissues of the organs of generation.The family doctor inquires first concerning these. He most usually insists upon an "examination." From this the modest woman naturally shrinks. She is not used to being exposed in very much of her personal activities, and examinations are unnecessary. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a simple, natural remedy for these ills. It cures gradually, safely, permanently. Here is one test, out of thousands:"I was ill four years with female weakness." I was told by Dr. Pierce, "Take my prescription, do not do house work now without pain or faintness. Yours truly,(Mrs.) Dilla M. HoyLyon Center, Grafton Co., N.H.Send 2 cents in one-cent stamp to World Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y. Send 2 cents in one-cent stamp to Dr. Pierce's Medical Advisor, profusely illustrated.FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.EGG* All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column at 50 cents per week.* Toads.A gold horseshoe scarf pin with opal set suspended by a link. Please return to H. C. Shorey.Lost.For Sale at a Bargain—Only \$175.A new Student's top buggy with brake, new harness, robes and whip, also a young horse, 13½ pounds, six years old, gentle and sound, broke to drive single or double; price \$175. WILLIAM THOMPSON, or Geo. Graves.Mrs. N. BLUM.For Rent.Furnished rooms single, double or for light housekeeping can be had at a moderate rental. Apply toMrs. E. C. HOFF.West St.d/wl.Situation Wanted.A woman wants a situation to do general house work or cooking in town or country. Apply at Mrs. Whitten opposite the pavilion d/wl.A House for Rent.One hundred and sixty acres of good land formerly known as the Marker tract, near the property of F. G. Newlands, for rent or will lease same for three to five years. Land is fenced with five wire fence. Ditches and free water on property. Apply toWM. THOMPSONor T. V. Julian.d/wl.Dressmaking.Mrs. R. G. Gessner of San Francisco has opened dressmaking parlors in the rooms formerly occupied by Miss Woods at the Golden Eagle Hotel. She is prepared to do all kinds of dressmaking in the latest and most fashionable styles at reasonable prices.Doewi.For Sale.Fine Homes and Lots and Blocks and 20-acre and 50-acre Tracts, with water. North side of the railroad, opposite the Reduction Works, and also trees, plants and shrubs by the millions, at the Reno and Mt. Hope Nurseries.STEPHEN CONNER.FRESH MILK.If you want fresh milk, call White & Steele. They deliver milk to any part of the city, morning and evening. The cleanliness of their dairy and surroundings is their pride.Give them a trial.jy2fWashoe Lunch Counter and Saloon.For a fine meal or a cool glass of beer, best liquors of all kinds or a good cigar call at the Washoe Lunch Counter and Saloon. A private dining room has been placed at the rear of the counter.W. & T. CHAINNAN, Prop.

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1896.

ESTERN ADVERTISING OFFICE, 230
to the Temple Court, New York City
Katz, Agent.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The Legislature of Nevada in 1895 by a majority vote of the two Houses proposed the following amendment to the constitution of the State:

To amend Article II by striking therefrom, wherever it occurs, the word "male."

If the Legislature at its next session approves the proposed amendment the question will be submitted to the people at the next general election, and if a majority of the voters cast for and against the amendment are in its favor the word "male" will be stricken from the constitution wherever it occurs.

The effect of the amendment will be to establish the equal political rights of all American citizens, irrespective of sex. In other words it will give women the right to vote under the same restrictions now imposed upon men. They will have to be American citizens of the age of 21 years, residents of the State for six months and of the county thirty days next preceding the day of election and duly registered as prescribed by law.

It is not necessary just now to state the many valid reasons that might be given for ratifying this proposed amendment at the next session of the Legislature, as one will suffice and that is that it will cost nothing to submit it to the people at the next general election. The qualified electors of the State are to be the judges in the matter and if they do not want it they will reject it as they have many other proposed amendments to the constitution.

The fact that some members of the Legislature are pledged by platform to vote for submitting the question to the people at the polls should not deter the members who are not so pledged from voting in its favor. No representative of the people in the National or State Legislature should fear to submit any question of public interest to the people. If the cause is just the people will ratify it, if it is not they will reject it. If there is any good reason why an intelligent woman should be denied a political right that is accorded an ignorant man the people know it and the members of the Legislature cannot do less than give them opportunity to say what they think about it.

THE PUBLIC BUILDING.

The outlook for an appropriation by Congress for a public building at Reno is more favorable than at the last session. The House Committee on Public Buildings has voted to report favorably and place upon the calendar a bill for appropriations for a large number of buildings, among them one at Reno. This will bring the bill before the House provided it is reached on the calendar before Congress adjourns, and if it is not the friends of the bill may be able to have it taken up out of order and get it passed.

If Congress would favor Nevada one-hundredth part as much as it does New England there would be no cause for complaint about its scant population. It affords no protection to anything we produce. It closes the mints against our silver and puts hides, wool and other products of the State on the free list. We have no rivers and harbors to entitle us to a part of the millions appropriated from the treasury for the improvement of navigable streams and the Interstate Commerce act is not made applicable to the State only when there is a disagreement between the railroads and their employees. If New England was treated as Nevada is by the General Government, it would not have ten inhabitants to the square mile and Boston would be abandoned to the owls and bats.

CUBAN VOLUNTEERS.

Volunteers are enrolling in various parts of the country for service in Cuba in the cause of independence. The Rocky Mountain Volunteers about one thousand strong have decided to leave Denver the 26th instant for the Florida coast. They have secured horses to carry their supplies and accoutrements.

It is probable that the Government will interfere and endeavor to prevent the men, especially if they are armed and equipped for war, from leaving the country unless the Senate resolution recognizing the independence of Cuba has the force of law before they reach Florida.

Public sentiment seems to be intensely in favor of the Cubans throughout the country and if there should be war between the United States and Spain Uncle Sam would have no difficulty in raising an army of 100,000 men to go to Cuba and drive the Spaniards out of the island.

THE PHILADELPHIA MINT CASE.

Nevada is not the only place that enjoys the distinction of having the mint plundered by the men who were paid and sworn to protect the public property. Henry Cochran, chief weigher in the Philadelphia Mint, stole gold bullion to the value of \$14,412 from the mint. Cochran was sent to the penitentiary and the Government brought suit against O. C. Bosbyshell, ex-Superintendent of the mint, and his bondsmen, to recover the amount of the shortage. The case was tried last May in the United States Court and judgment rendered for the Government. Bosbyshell and his bondsmen appealed and the Circuit Court of Appeals has now affirmed the

judgment. The court holds that Bosbyshell was responsible for shortages occurring in the weighing department while he held the office of superintendent.

AN EX-CONGRESSMAN DEAD.

Ex-Congressman Roswell N. Hoar died at Plainfield, New Jersey, Friday night, after a brief illness. He served as Representative from Michigan in the House, and subsequently became editor of the New York *Weekly Tribune*. He acquired notoriety by a controversy with Senator Stewart of Nevada and took the gold standard side in the debate with W. H. Harvey, the author of *Coin*, in Chicago two years ago.

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A Cabinet meeting called to discuss it.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—Secretary Olney in an interview indicates that the Senate resolution recognizing the independence of Cuba will constitute a formidable issue between the Executive and Legislative Departments of the Government. The resolution even if passed by a two-thirds vote of both Houses of Congress will remain inoperative without the action of the Executive. It may raise expectations in some quarters which can never be realized. It may inflame popular passions both in this country and elsewhere, and may thus put in peril the lives and property of American citizens who are resident and traveling abroad; and it will certainly obstruct and perhaps defeat the best efforts of this Government to afford such citizens due protection. But, except in these ways, and unless the advice embodied in the resolution shall lead the Executive to revise the conclusions already reached and officially declared, the resolution will be without effect and will leave unaltered the attitude of this Government toward the two contending parties in Cuba.

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Advocating Disarmament.

PARIS, December 19.—M. De Jeante, in the Chamber of Deputies, to-day, offered a motion that the Government summon an international conference of the Powers, with a view to a general disarmament, and demanded an urgency vote for it. The urgency motion was opposed by Premier M. Moline and defeated by 400 to 35.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

The next annual meeting of the Irrigation Congress will be held at Lincoln, Nebraska.

The dockers at Hamburg, Germany, on a decisive vote have decided to continue the strike.

A fire damp explosion in a colliery at Resiza, Hungary, killed eleven men and injured many others yesterday.

The Bryan Annex and Soule Block at St. Paul, Minnesota, were destroyed by fire yesterday morning; loss \$175,000.

A boiler explosion at the Kent Woolen Mills at Centreville, Rhode Island, killed three persons and fatally injured another.

There have been 1,561 cases of the bubonic plague in Bombay and 1,094 deaths from the disease. Over 200,000 people have fled from the city.

A large ship went ashore at Long Beach, Oregon, Friday night during a heavy fog and the life saving crew from Fort Canby has gone to the scene.

The stage between Auburn and Georgetown, California, was held up by highwaymen Thursday night and the game was repeated next night. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box was taken each time.

A bill for a receiver for the International Building, Loan and Investment Company of Chicago has been filed in the United States Circuit Court. It is alleged that the association is hopelessly wrecked.

The claims of Booker T. Washington, the negro principal of the State Normal and Industrial school for negroes at Tuskegee, Alabama, are being vigorously pressed for a place in McKinley's cabinet. His negro friends are doing the work.

An epidemic of typhus fever prevails at Pola, Austria. There are over 700 patients in the hospitals and deaths are numerous. The streets are deserted and all who can leave have fled from the place. The dead are buried nightly without ceremony.

Mrs. A. E. Aslo of Sheffield, Ohio, was awakened at an early hour yesterday by neighbors and informed that the house was on fire. Both got out of the burning building but went back to secure a grandchild. The doors fell in and all were burned to death.

Mrs. C. W. Haskell, the wife of Superintendent Haskell of the Savannah mine at Grub Gable, California, held a lighted candle in her hand. Her dress caught fire and she rushed out

of the house screaming. Her husband followed and was severely burned in trying to extinguish the flames which enveloped his wife and fatally burned her.

M. K. Duty, one of the most prominent lawyers of West Virginia, was stabbed to death in his office at Pennington by Cad Collins. Benton Thomas, a client of Duty's, called at his office. Soon after Collins, who is a well known oil man, entered and began to abuse Thomas. Duty ordered Collins to leave, but instead of doing so, Collins rushed at Duty with a long knife and cut three deep gashes in his abdomen, from the effects of which he died.

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FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK
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SUNDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1896.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil presents a perfect food—palatable, easy of assimilation, and an appetizer; these are everything to those who are losing flesh and strength. The combination of pure cod-liver oil, the greatest of all fat producing foods, with Hypophosphites, provides a remarkable agent for Quick Flesh Building in all ailments that are associated with loss of flesh.

Prepared by Scott & Bowes, Chemists,
New York. Sold by all druggists.

BREVITIES.

Trib's odor is pleasant.

Skates at Lange & Schmitt's cheap.

The best liniment for athletes is Trib.*

Have you catarrah? Use liquid Viavi.

Window glass, all sizes, at Lange & Schmitt's. 125ft

L. L. Elrod returned to Carson yesterday afternoon.

Hon. W. E. Deal left for San Francisco last night.

Jack Elliott of Carson changed cars for California last night.

A clean, strong wholesome liniment Trib does all claimed for it.

Judge Bonnifield of the Supreme Court left for Lovelock last night.

Stoves and ranges of all kinds at San Francisco prices at Lange & Schmitt's. 29ft

A neglected sprain becomes a chronic weakness. Trib used in time prevents this.

Judge Hawley arrived on the V. & T. last evening and took the train for San Diego.

See John Sunderland's fine display of gent's furnishing goods, the finest in the market.

Mrs. Graff of the Pioneer Bakery offers 24 small loaves or 12 large loaves of bread for \$1. Dec 26th

Have you piles? Use Sano, prepared by the Viavi Company. It reaches the worst cases. Try it.

Sunderland is making a specialty of men's clothing; 25 per cent off now until January 1st.

Mrs. C. C. Powning left for San Francisco last night and will spend the holidays with relatives.

Take your lunch at Henry Riter's today. It will be extra fine and his liquid refreshments cannot be beaten.

Miss Nellie M. Rulison arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning and will spend the holidays with relatives.

W. S. James, M. E. Lovell and F. C. Spence arrived from the northern country last evening and continued west.

Chicken, tenderloin of pork, cranberry sauce and other delicacies for dinner at the Washoe Lunch Counter to-day.

Persons having claims against the Nevada Hospital for Mental Diseases are referred to a notice in another column.

Ladies, nothing would be more appreciated by your beau than a box of fine cigars for a Xmas present. Becker has the line.

Select a costume for the Knights of Pythias masquerade and as 1897 rolls in imagine that you are somewhere else for the time being.

Ed. Yerington and B. H. McClure of Carson, who have been here in attendance on court this week, returned home yesterday afternoon.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Orr Water Ditch Company will be held at T. V. Julian's office Saturday, January 9, 1897.

Henry later visited the Peavine mineral spring yesterday and brought back a large supply of that water which is free to all who care to sample it.

Young Men's Christian Association—Meeting at 2:30 p. m.; address by Mrs. C. T. Bender, "A Woman's Message to Young Men." All men cordially invited.

Just received! A new line of chairs and other articles suitable for Christmas presents at Mrs. Nedham's furniture store, Virginia street, near the bridge. 165ft

Fred Dangberg of Douglas county arrived in Reno last night. He is as independent as ever, and unlike some other rich men is a strong advocate of free silver.

A. Nelson will sacrifice his stock of furnishing goods in order to make room for new goods. Now is the time to get bargains. Call at his store on Virginia street. Free employment office connected with the store.

C. Lemery of the Arcade Restaurant will serve a splendid dinner to-day. Chicken, turkey with cranberry sauce and other delicacies will be on the bill of fare. The family trade is especially solicited.

CIRCULAR RAINBOWS.
Something Out of the Usual Order in the Display of Colors.

Several circular rainbows, which, by the way, are meteorological phenomena of rare occurrence, have been described in "Notes for the Curious" in the St. Louis Republic during the past seven or eight years. The one now under consideration, however, was so unique that we would certainly give room for a description of it, even though the department had recently been overcrowded with circular rainbows before. It was observed in India by Lieutenant Wheelock about the middle of August. Mr. Wheelock was climbing a mountain spur at sunrise. The atmosphere was clear, but there was a heavy fog hanging over the valleys. As the sun rose a rainbow, round as a circus ring, was seen in the fog which all but obscured one of the beautiful lakes which are so common in India. Mr. Wheelock is a trained meteorologist and was not at all astonished to see a circular rainbow, knowing, as he did, the conditions under which it was formed. But what attracted his attention in particular was the presence of a bright spot in the exact center of the beautiful variegated band composing the circular "bow." This spot was so intensely luminous that the observer thought that it might be a bush fire some distance away; but this supposition was soon dispelled by further developments. Slowly and regularly, and from all sides at once, the bright center spot became surrounded by circles of radiant light, each containing all of the primary colors—in fact, each was a perfect miniature circular rainbow. This wonderful phenomenon lasted for about two hours, or until the sun had risen to such a height that the reflection sank back against the mountain side. Mr. Wheelock watched it until it had faded away, pronouncing it the most beautiful and wonderful sight he had ever beheld.

NEVADA COAL.
Mine in Lander and Esmeralda Counties.

For many years the opinion has prevailed that there are no coal mines in Nevada. It appears that men professing to be geologists gave it as their opinion that the formation precluded the possibility of coal mines being found in this State. Now practical miners are refuting the theories of the scientists. At present the Nevada Central Railway Company has eight men at work on a coal mine in Crum Canyon, near Battle Mountain, and the prospects are favorable for the development of extensive coal beds. In Esmeralda county, not far from Columbus, coal miners have been discovered and the coal is being used at Columbus and Candelaria for domestic purposes.

A lump of coal, which experts say is of good quality from the Esmeralda mines, was brought to this office some time ago, and can be seen here. It is larger than the heads of the scientists! who with owlish wisdom said "there are no coal mines in Nevada."

Palace Restaurant.
Bill of fare to-day, Sunday, December 20:

SOUP.
Oyster, Chicken.

FISH.
Mackerel, butter sauce.

BOILED.
Beef, Spanish style.

ENTREES.
Stuffed turkey, cranberry sauce.

Chicken pot pie, French toast, wine sauce.

ROAST.
Prime beef, Mutton, Veal with dressing.

Pork with apple sauce.

VEGETABLES.
Stewed tomatoes, Mashed potatoes.

Sweet corn.

Hot rolls.

DESSERT.
Cream, mince and apple pie.

Baked custard pudding.

All for 25 cents.

President Stubbs Addresses the High School Children.

President Stubbs Addresses

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. A. PHILLIPS, M. D.,

Hours—8 to 10 A. M.

P. T. PHILLIPS, M. D.,

Hours—1 to 3 P. M.

NEVADA BANK BUILDING.

O. D. VAN DUZER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW.

U. S. Land Attorney for Nevada.

Land and Mining Law a Specialty.

Patents, Patents and Indian Claims.

Correspondence solicited.

Address "The Woodmont," Iowa City.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

MARIAN S. WILSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

RENO, NEVADA.

Offices—with Wm. Webster, First National

Bank Building.

Collecting a Specialty.

Will practice in all the Courts.

Delf.

DR. R. P. CHANDLER,

DENTIST.

RENO, NEVADA.

Office Hours—9 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M.

Rooms—13 and 14, Washoe County

Bank Building.

KATHERINE FEE, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

GEORGE FEE, M. D.,

Specialist.

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Rooms 1, 2 and 3, Investment Com-

pany's new building.

DENTISTRY.

D. H. J. G. LEONARD, DENTIST.

Office at residence, North Virginia Street;

corner of 4th, one block north of Congre-

gional Church.

WM. WEBSTER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW.

RENO, NEVADA.

OFFICE—First National Bank Building,

upstairs.

DR. S. BIBHOP,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE—Bishop's Pharmacy.

RESIDENCE—North Center street.

OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. to 12 M. and to

THOS. E. HAYDON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office Powning's Building!

S. C. GIBSON, M.D.

ALEX. GIBSON, JR., M.D.

GIBSON BROTHERS,

Physicians, Surgeons.

Obstetricians and Gynecologists.

OFFICE—Rooms — and — Elyland & Chas-

ney Building, Reno, Nev. Office hours from

8 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1 P. M. to 4 P. M.

RESIDENCE—Stevenson Street.

T. V. JULIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Will practice in all courts.

Probate practice and business settlements

Office on Virginia street, south of National

Bank Building, Reno, Nev.

DR. E. C. PHELPS.

DENTIST—OFFICE IN BANK OF NE-

vada's new building, Reno, Nev.

All operations in MODER-

DEN-

FIST,

skillfully executed at reasonable

and satisfaction guaranteed.

OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

GOODWIN & DODGE,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW

RENO, NEVADA.

First National Bank Building.

JAS. F. DENNIS,

LAWYER.

Office—in Investment Building, Virginia St.

DR. H. BERGSTEIN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Opposite Sanderson's Building, Room 1,

Reno, Nev. Hours, 2 to 4 P. M.

Residence, 10 A. M. to 12 M. Only Bed-

dinner, Nevada Hospital for Mental Disease.

Telephones in office, a line to the Central

Telephone Company, a line to the Hotel

W. M. Bergstein's Drug Store, and a line

to the W. M. Bergstein's Drug Store.

Once Well Started a Conflagration Might Wipe Out the Best Part of the Business Section—Too Much Iron, Says Chief of Fire Department Bonner.

New York's business section—that part of the city that includes the newest of modern fireproof buildings—is in great danger of being wiped out by fire. Capitalists who furnish the money that pays for erecting these new buildings do not seem to realize this fact, although the veteran chief of the fire department reiterates this statement about once a year. Read what he says.

"That a big section of lower New York some day will be wiped out by fire is probable if existing conditions continue," Fire Chief Bonner said to a Press reporter.

These conditions are the height of the buildings, the material used in their construction, the narrowness of the streets and the inadequacy of the water supply.

It is a favorite argument that if worst came to worst, buildings ahead of a burning area could be blown up, as the farmer turns a dead furrow to check the prairie fire. This theory is not advanced any more by intelligent men, says the chief.

"We can fight a fire 125 feet high, on ten stories. Above that we are well nigh helpless. They say that the modern fireproof building needs not as much protection as the ordinary low structure. But the fireproof building is yet to be built. The communists couldn't destroy Paris in 1871 even by the use of barrels of petroleum. In American buildings are all the necessities of a big, hot fire, without the aid of a drop of petroleum. The large structures in foreign cities are built far more solidly than ours. Having fewer forests and less wood, European builders get along with little inside trim of wood. Iron and steel in these days have taken the place in this country of masonry. Nothing withstands fire as well as a well constructed brick wall. Iron columns are covered with four inches of terra cotta or brick, which fire and water can tear off in a short time. Then the stripped iron is left to warp and twist and tumble. I believe the covering should be eight inches."

"With only one night watchman in a building, in danger, like all mortals, and with sudden sickness or incapacity, and with no night elevator, fire could get a good headway in the upper floors of a 20 or 30 story building. Bursting out of the windows and fanned by a strong wind, the flames could easily leap the narrow streets of lower New York and a fire of enormous extent and damage begin."

"I have always opposed putting a big building in City Hall, park, believing that the time might come when that area, needed as a base of operations, would be the salvation of the city."

Most of the new skyscrapers have fire fighting appliances of their own of more or less value. Tanks on the roof and in the cellar are applied and kept full by various systems, but these are as much for the ordinary requirements of tenants as for possible use in fire. Some of the structures have standpipes inside or outside the wall. Legally there is no way of compelling the builders of what is called a "fireproof" building to put in more than the most ordinary fire appliances, even above the 125 foot line.

Building a 20 story structure is much like building a dwelling house in one respect—there's always deviations from the plans and improvements upon them. For every alteration from the drawings filed with the building department the permission of the board of examiners must be had. If the alterations are proper, consent is granted, but on condition that approved fire appliances be put in the building, particularly in the upper stories. These include a stipulation that at least one elevator shall be ready to run at any time in the night in order that the firemen can get up and down quickly; the putting of hose and fire buckets on each floor, and, usually, a standpipe, with couplings for each floor. When the builders consent to add these equipments and others deemed necessary, including a competent night watch service, permission is granted to make the alterations. This applies, of course, only to buildings under construction recently. Of those already up there is small hope unless the underwriters offer of lower premiums appeal sufficiently to the pocketbook.

To the end that the fire resistance of building materials shall be known positively, fire tests have been made under the supervision of the superintendent of buildings. Three such public exhibitions already have been held, and they will be continued at intervals through the winter. When finished, Superintendent Constable will make a report to the board of examiners.

The cry for more water in the lower part of the city has been insistent for years. Many have been the plans for reservoirs at the Battery and on either side half a mile or a mile upstream. Every time an extra line of pipe has been laid with the object of furnishing the needed surplus it has been tapped up town. The fire and building departments hope that the two 48 inch mains being laid in Fifth avenue will be left for the relief of the section below Chambers street. Chief Bonner says the Forty-second street reservoir should not be disturbed until water is flowing undiverted through these mains to the locality that needs it most and for which it is intended.

That New York will be brought face to face with grave peril from the 80 storied structures unless precautions plentiful and timely are taken is not doubted by those who have studied the problem of maintaining safety with mountainous firebrands in narrow streets.—New York Press.

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Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco. You will find one coupon inside each

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco

two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

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State Election Returns.

	COUNTIES.	Nev.	Orono.	Sher.	Wash.	White Pine.	Maj. and Plurality

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